

endure endure ipm training guide Sheet C18

CONTENTS & MODULES

MODULE 18



INVASIVE WEEDS

Date (16/06/2010)

WHAT IS	Invasive weeds can cause serious problems because they occupy the land, breed profusely, cause yield losses and greatly reduce biodiversity. They may also cause other damage: ▶ Degradation of facilities by root systems ▶ Hazard (fire, damages, visibility on roads etc) ▶ Allergenic
WHY	The fight against invasive plants is crucial and must be mastered, in particular, because of the capacity of these species to reproduce, spread and colonise. Reproduction takes place either: ▶ By producing large number of seeds ▶ By transporting organs of conservation
HOW	The following points should be described and adapted to the context: ➤ Context and problem: why this weed is a problem in your country or area. ➤ Dissemination and development: what are the main characteristics that can influence control methods. ➤ Identification and possible confusion: specify the criteria for identification and differentiation with other weeds that look like it. ➤ Biology and life cycle: description of the main points of biology and adaptation of the cycle in the regional context. ➤ Control: what methods are possible and how to focus on Integrated Pest Management (prophylaxis, non-chemical) in the different environments where the plant grows. ➤ IPM principles: take stock of the principles used in the fight against invasive weeds.
EXAMPLE	Ragweed (<i>Ambrosia artemisifolia</i>) in France (Rhône-Alpes and Burgundy)
SOURCES	 ▶ France: www.ambroisie.info (in French) ▶ Germany: www.ambrosia.de (in German) ▶ Switzerland: www.ambrosia.ch (in French, German and Italian) ▶ In English: www.internationalragweedsociety.org
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